

Fortran

Pascal

C

Ada

++, -- (post-inc., dec.)

**

not

++, -- (pre-inc., dec.),

abs (absolute value),

+, - (unary),

not, **

&, * (address, contents of),

!, ~ (logical, bit-wise not)

*, /

*, /,
div, mod, and* (binary), /,
% (modulo division)

*, /, mod, rem

+, - (unary
and binary)+, - (unary and
binary), or

+, - (binary)

+, - (unary)

<<, >>

(left and right bit shift)

+, - (binary),

& (concatenation)

.eq., .ne., .lt.,
.le., .gt., .ge.
(comparisons)<, <=, >, >=,
=, <>, IN<, <=, >, >=
(inequality tests)

=, /=, <, <=, >, >=

.not.

==, != (equality tests)

& (bit-wise and)

^ (bit-wise exclusive or)

| (bit-wise inclusive or)

.and.

&& (logical and)

and, or, xor
(logical operators)

.or.

|| (logical or)

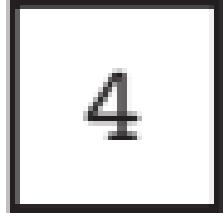
.eqv., .neqv.
(logical comparisons)

?: (if... then... else)

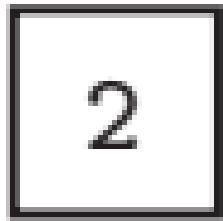
=, +=, -=, *=, /=, %=,
>>=, <<=, &=, ^=, |=
(assignment)

, (sequencing)

a



b



c



a



b



c



goto L6 -- jump to code to compute address

L1: *clause_A*

 goto L7

L2: *clause_B*

 goto L7

L3: *clause_C*

 goto L7

...

L4: *clause_D*

 goto L7

L5: *clause_E*

 goto L7

L6: r1 := ... -- computed target of branch

 goto *r1

L7:

T: &L1 -- controlling expression = 1
 &L2
 &L3
 &L3
 &L3
 &L5
 &L2
 &L5
 &L5
 &L4 -- controlling expression = 10
L6: r1 := ... -- calculate controlling expression
 if r1 < 1 goto L5
 if r1 > 10 goto L5 -- L5 is the "else" arm
 r1 -=: 1 -- subtract off lower bound
 r1 := T[r1]
 goto *r1
L7:

```
class BinTree:  
    def __init__(self):      # constructor  
        self.data = self.lchild = self.rchild = None  
  
    ...  
    # other methods: insert, delete, lookup, ...
```

```
def preorder(self):  
    if self.data != None:  
        yield self.data  
    if self.lchild != None:  
        for d in self.lchild.preorder():  
            yield d  
    if self.rchild != None:  
        for d in self.rchild.preorder():  
            yield d
```

```
class BinTree<T> implements Iterable<T> {
    BinTree<T> left;
    BinTree<T> right;
    T val;
    ...
    // other methods: insert, delete, lookup, ...

    public Iterator<T> iterator() {
        return new TreeIterator(this);
    }

    private class TreeIterator implements Iterator<T> {
        private Stack<BinTree<T>> s = new Stack<BinTree<T>>();
        TreeIterator(BinTree<T> n) {
            if (n.val != null) s.push(n);
        }
        public boolean hasNext() {
            return !s.empty();
        }
        public T next() {
            if (!hasNext()) throw new NoSuchElementException();
            BinTree<T> n = s.pop();
            if (n.right != null) s.push(n.right);
            if (n.left != null) s.push(n.left);
            return n.val;
        }
        public void remove() {
            throw new UnsupportedOperationException();
        }
    }
}
```

